

The Bill of Rights

First Amendment. Forbids the Congress from interfering with freedom of religion, speech or press, or with the right to assemble peaceably, or to petition the government.

Second Amendment. Guarantees the right to bear arms.

Third Amendment. Assures that soldiers cannot be arbitrarily lodged in private homes without the consent of the owner.

Fourth Amendment. Forbids unreasonable search or seizure of persons, homes, and effects without a warrant.

Fifth Amendment. Guarantees specific rights when on trial, including no condemnation without trial, no compulsion to be a witness against oneself, and no property taken for public use except with just compensation.

Sixth Amendment. Assures the accused right to a speedy and public trial, right to be represented by an attorney, and right to be faced by accusing witnesses.

Seventh Amendment. In lawsuits of more than \$20, a trial by jury may be requested.

Eighth Amendment. Forbids excessive fines and cruel or unusual punishments.

Ninth Amendment. Just because a right is not mentioned in the Constitution does not mean that the people are not entitled to it.

Tenth Amendment. Powers not delegated to the Federal Government, nor prohibited to the States, are reserved to the States or the people.

