

The Constitution at Work Brochure

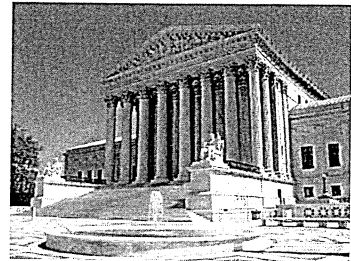
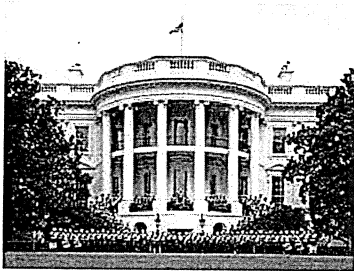
Your Task: Create a brochure describing important facts about the U.S. Constitution. This assignment will be in place of your chapter test (50pts). Do your best work.

Information: Use the information and diagrams in Chapter 8, pages 214-235 in your textbook to help with the information.

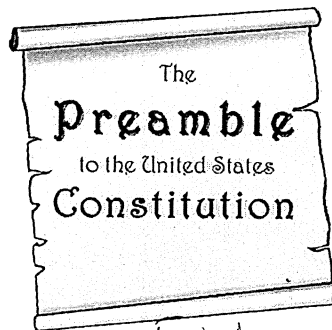
Neatness counts. Your writing must be neat. Use a ruler to draw straight lines. NO FREEHAND drawing of lines or shapes. Use the pictures attached to this sheet in the appropriate locations.

Follow the brochure example for labels, pictures, and information. Be sure to read the directions or notes on the brochure example.

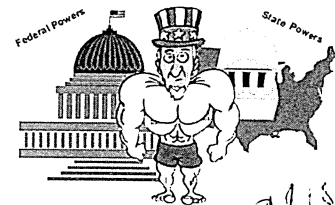
Branches



Front



Front



Federalism



Limited Government

Bill of Rights

Back

REPRESENTATIVE GOVERNMENT

(WRITE DEFINITION)

PICTURE

LIMITED GOVERNMENT

(WRITE DEFINITION)

PICTURE

FEDERALISM

(WRITE DEFINITION)

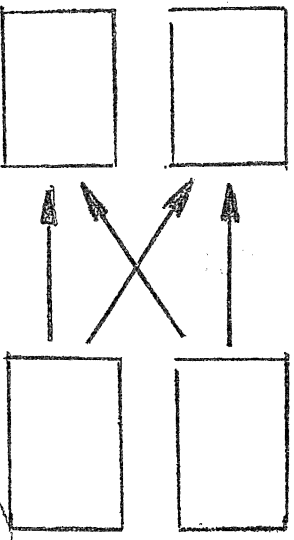
NATIONAL POWER	CONCURRENT POWER	STATE POWER
°	°	°
°	°	°
°	°	°

(GIVE 3 EXAMPLES)

LIVING PROCESS

AMENDMENT PROCESS

Pg 223



CITIZEN RIGHTS

BILL OF RIGHTS

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 _____
- 8 _____
- 9 _____
- 10 _____

CITIZEN RESPONSIBILITIES

(GIVE EXAMPLES)

CIVIC VALUES

(GIVE EXAMPLES)

STATES

CONSTITUTION

CONSTITUTION PICTURE

THE PREAMBLE & GOALS

(WRITE THE PREAMBLE)

UNDERLINE OR USE COLOR FOR EACH GOAL

PICTURE PREAMBLE

DEHYDRATION OF POWERS

EXECUTIVE

PICTURE

POWER GIVEN: _____
OFFICE HOLDER: _____
TERM: _____
HOW SELECTED: _____
REQUIREMENTS: _____

DEFINE: CABINET

CHECKS

LEGISLATURE

JUDICIAL

LEGISLATIVE

PICTURE

POWER GIVEN: _____
OFFICE HOLDER: _____
SENATE HOUSE OF REP
TERM: _____
SELECTION: _____
REQUIREMENTS: _____

How A BILL BECOMES
A LAW

(DRAW DIAGRAM)
Pg 227

AND

EXECUTIVE

JUDICIAL

JUDICIAL

PICTURE

POWER GIVEN: _____
OFFICE HOLDER: _____
TERM: _____
SELECTION: _____
REQUIREMENTS: _____

BALANCES

EXECUTIVE

LEGISLATURE

Power given: _____

Office Holder: _____

Term: _____

How Selected: _____

Requirement: _____

Power given: _____

Office Holder: _____

Term: _____

How Selected: _____

Requirement: _____

Power given: _____

Office Holder: _____

Term: _____

How Selected: _____

Requirement: _____

Power given: _____

Office Holder: _____

Term: _____

How Selected: _____

Requirement: _____

System of Checks and Balances

Executive Branch
(President carries out laws)



Checks on the Legislative Branch

- Can propose laws
- Can veto laws
- Can call special sessions of Congress
- Makes appointments
- Negotiates foreign treaties

Checks on the Judicial Branch

- Appoints federal judges
- Can grant pardons to federal offenders

Legislative Branch
(Congress makes laws)



Checks on the Executive Branch

- Can override President's veto
- Confirms executive appointments
- Ratifies treaties
- Can declare war
- Appropriates money
- Can impeach and remove President

Checks on the Judicial Branch

- Creates lower federal courts
- Can impeach and remove judges
- Can propose amendments to overrule judicial decisions
- Approves appointments of federal judges

Judicial Branch
(Supreme Court interprets laws)



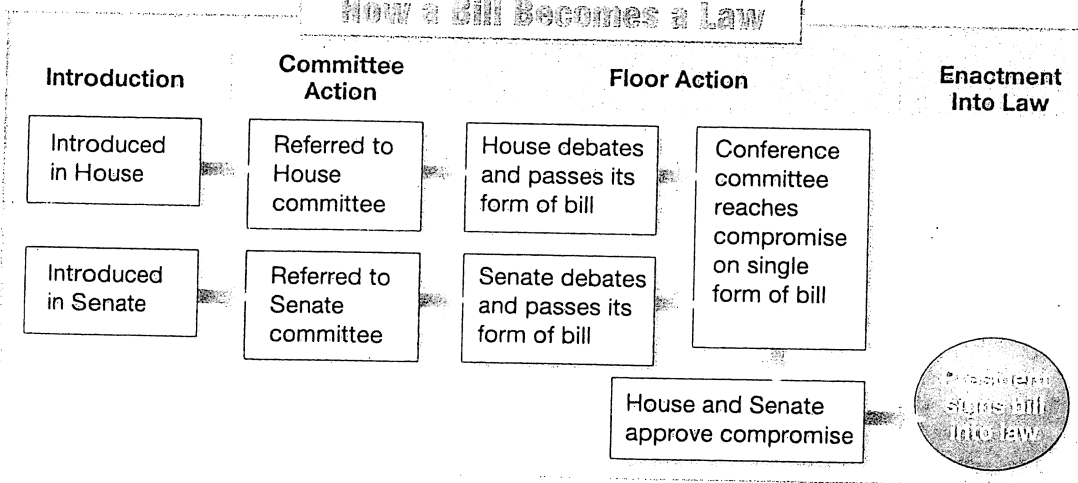
Check on the Executive Branch

- Can declare executive actions unconstitutional

Check on the Legislative Branch

- Can declare acts of Congress unconstitutional

How a Bill Becomes a Law



Methods of Amending the Constitution

